

Practice Final Exam – Math 2153

1. Decide if the following statements are TRUE or FALSE and circle your answer. **You do NOT need to justify your answers.**

- (a) (1 point) If line integrals in the continuous vector field $\mathbf{F}(x, y)$ are path independent then \mathbf{F} is a conservative vector field.
- (b) (1 point) If \mathbf{F} is a conservative vector field then line integrals in the continuous vector field $\mathbf{F}(x, y)$ are path independent.
- (c) (1 point) If $\mathbf{F}(x, y)$ has continuous first partial derivatives on the connected, simply connected region R and $\mathbf{F}(x, y)$ is irrotational then \mathbf{F} is conservative.
- (d) (1 point) If $\mathbf{F}(x, y)$ has continuous first partial derivatives on the connected, simply connected region R and $\mathbf{F}(x, y)$ is source-free then \mathbf{F} is conservative.

2. Give examples of the following. Be as explicit as possible. **You do NOT need to justify your answers.**

- (a) (2 points) Give an example of a scalar function $f(x, y)$ whose implicit domain is connected but not simply connected.
- (b) (2 points) Give an example of a non-constant conservative vector field $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z)$ with domain \mathbf{R}^3 .
- (c) (2 points) Give an example of parametrized path in \mathbf{R}^2 which is not a simple path.
- (d) (2 points) Give an example of a non-constant source-free vector field $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z)$ with domain \mathbf{R}^3 .

3. Compute the following line integrals using any technique you like:

- (a) (5 points) Evaluate

$$\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$$

where $\mathbf{F}(x, y) = \langle xy, x - y \rangle$ and C is the straight line segment from the point $(0, 0)$ to the point $(2, 1)$.

- (b) (2 points) Evaluate

$$\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$$

where $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = \langle 6xyz, 3x^2z, 3x^2y \rangle$ and C is the path with parametrization

$$\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle t, \sin t, t \sin t \rangle \quad 0 \leq t \leq \pi$$

- (c) (2 points) Evaluate

$$\oint_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$$

where $\mathbf{F}(x, y) = \langle xy^2, x^2 - y \rangle$ and C is the closed square path with corners $(0, 0)$, $(0, 2)$, $(2, 2)$ and $(2, 0)$ oriented *clockwise*.

4. Let

$$\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = \langle x^2y, xyz, z^2 \rangle$$

- (a) (5 points) Compute

$$\text{curl } \mathbf{F}$$

- (b) (5 points) Compute

$$\text{div } \mathbf{F}$$

- (c) (5 points) Compute

$$\text{div}(\text{curl } \mathbf{F})$$

5. Compute the following surface integrals using any technique you like:

(a) (5 points) Evaluate

$$\iint_S \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} dS$$

where $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = \langle z, z, z \rangle$ and S is the upper half of the sphere of radius 2 with center $(0, 0, 0)$ oriented *inwards*.

(b) (2 points) Evaluate

$$\iint_S (\nabla \times \mathbf{F}) \cdot \mathbf{n} dS$$

where $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = \langle x + y + z, 0, 0 \rangle$ and S is the upper half of the sphere of radius 2 with center $(0, 0, 0)$ oriented *inwards*.

6. (5 points) Change the order of integration for the double integral $\int_0^\pi \int_0^{\sin x} xy - 2 dy dx$.

7. (5 points) Evaluate the double integral

$$\iint_R \frac{2y}{1+x^2} dA$$

where $R = \{(x, y) \mid 0 \leq x \leq 1 \text{ and } 0 \leq y \leq \sqrt{x}\}$.

8. (5 points) Compute the maximum value for the function $f(x, y) = x - yx$ on the region

$$R = \{(x, y) \mid x^2 + y^2 \leq 1\}$$

9. (5 points) Compute the curvature κ of the curve $y = \cos x$ at the point $(0, 1)$.

10. (5 points) Find an equation for the tangent plane to the level surface of the scalar function

$$f(x, y, z) = x^2y - z^2x + 2$$

passing through the point $(1, 2, -1)$

11. Show that the following vector fields are not conservative on their implicit domains.

(a) (5 points) $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = \langle x^2y, 2y, z - x \rangle$

(b) (5 points) $\mathbf{F}(x, y) = \left\langle \frac{x}{x^2 + y^2}, \frac{-y}{x^2 + y^2} \right\rangle$

12. Find potential functions for the following conservative vector fields

(a) (5 points) $\mathbf{F}(x, y) = \langle 1 - y \cos(xy), -x \cos(xy) \rangle$

(b) (5 points) $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = \langle yz, xz + 3, xy + 2 \rangle$

13. (5 points) Find the x -coordinate of the center of mass of a thin triangular plate with vertices $(0, 0)$, $(0, 1)$ and $(2, 0)$ with density function

$$f(x, y) = x + 1.$$