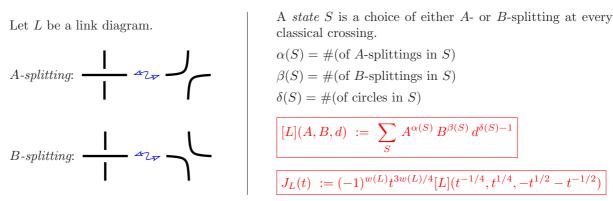
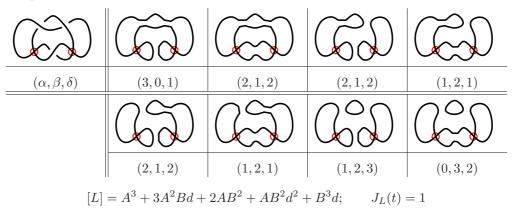
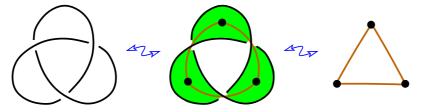
Jones polynomial bigskip The Kauffman bracket and the Jones polynomial [Ka1].



Example



**Thistlethwaite's Theorem** [Ka1] Up to a sign and multiplication by a power of t the Jones polynomial  $J_L(t)$  of an alternating link L is equal to the Tutte polynomial  $T_{\Gamma}(-t, -t^{-1})$ .



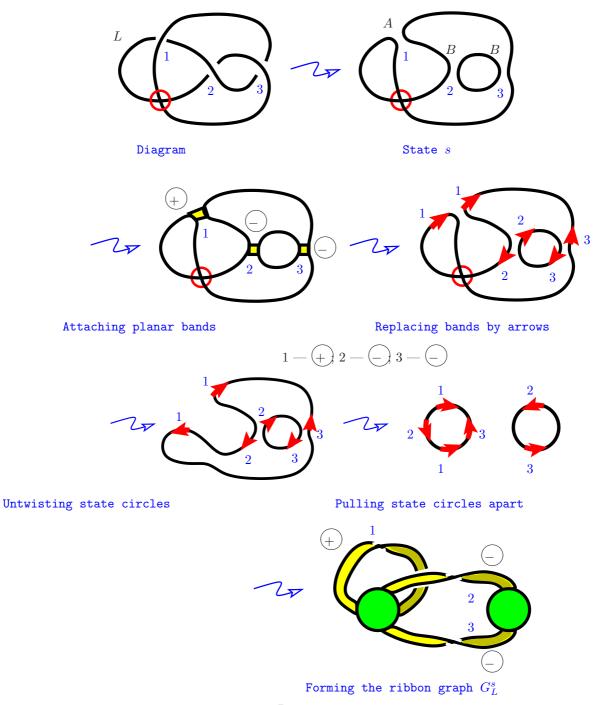
The theorem was generalized to non-alternating links using signed graphs in [Ka2] and using the Bollobás-Riordan polynomial for ribbon graphs in [DFKLS]; and to virtual links in [ChVo, Ch].

Theorem [Ch].

Let L be a virtual link diagram with e classical crossings,  $G_L^s$  be the signed ribbon graph corresponding to a state s, and  $v := v(G_L^s)$ ,  $k := k(G_L^s)$ . Then  $e = e(G_L^s)$  and

$$[L](A, B, d) = A^{e} \left( x^{k} y^{v} z^{v+1} R_{G_{L}^{s}}(x, y, z) \Big|_{x = \frac{Ad}{B}, y = \frac{Bd}{A}, z = \frac{1}{d}} \right) .$$

Construction of a ribbon graph from a virtual link diagram





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