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Math 5102, 2015

## Take Home Final

You can use books, notebooks, web resources, electronic computational devices/software. You are not to receive any help from anyone else on this exam, nor are you to give any help to anyone else on this exam.

## Evidence of any collaboration will result in negative points.

By signing your name below, you are acknowledging that you understand and accept these rules.

Signature:\_\_\_\_\_

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**1.** Solve the heat equation in  $\mathbb{R}^3$ 

$$u_t = \Delta u; \quad u(t = 0; x, y, z) = \cos(x)\cos(y)\cos(z)$$

Justify your answer!

**2.** Find the best approximation, in square average, of the function  $\cos x$ , for  $x \in [0, 3\pi/4]$ , by polynomials of degree at most 2.

- **3.** Consider the equation  $(1 x^2)y'' 2xy' + \lambda y = 0$  where  $\lambda$  is a parameter.
- a) Bring the equation to a self-adjoint form for  $x \in [-1, 1]$ .

b) Show that this is a self-adjoint problem on  $D = \{y \in L^2[-1,1] \mid y', y'' \in L^2[-1,1]\}$ 

c) Show that all eigenvalues are nonnegative.

**4.** Consider further the equation in problem **3**,  $(1 - x^2)y'' - 2xy' + \lambda y = 0$ .

a) Show that the functions  $p_0(x) = 1$  and  $p_1(x) = x$  are eigenfunctions, and find the corresponding eigenvalues  $\lambda = \lambda_0$ , respectively  $\lambda = \lambda_1$ .

b) It can be shown that the eigenvalues are  $\lambda_n = n(n+1)$  (n = 0, 1, ...), all simple, and that the eigenfunctions are polynomials,  $p_n(x)$ . Explain why functions f(x) continuous on [-1, 1] can be expanded as a series  $f = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n p_n$  for some numbers  $c_n$ . Explain in which sense the series is convergent and write formulas for calculating  $c_n$  in terms of f(x) and  $p_0, p_1, p_2, \ldots$ 

**5.** Give a *simple* example of a Sturm-Liouville problem whose lowest eigenvalue is negative.