## MATH 2153 - Calculus III – Recitation 11

Prof. Cueto - The Ohio State University

April 14, 2016

- 1. Decide if the vector field  $\mathbf{F}$  is conservative on the given domain and if so, find the corresponding potential function.
  - (a)  $\mathbf{F}(x,y) = \langle 3x^2y^2, 2x^3y \rangle$  on the domain  $\mathbb{R}^2$ .

(b)  $\mathbf{F}(x,y) = \left\langle \frac{-y}{x^2+y^2}, \frac{x}{x^2+y^2} \right\rangle$  on the domain  $\{(x,y) \text{ in } \mathbb{R}^2 \mid x > 0\}.$ 

(c)  $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = \langle y^2 z^3, 2xyz^3 + 6yz, 3xy^2 z^2 + 3y^2 \rangle$  on the domain  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .

2. Fix  $\mathbf{F}(x,y) = \langle f(x,y), g(x,y) \rangle$  a vector field defined on a region R in  $\mathbb{R}^2$ , where f and g have continuous first partials. We say a function  $\psi \colon R \to \mathbb{R}$  is a *stream function* for  $\mathbf{F}$  if  $\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial y} = f$  and  $\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x} = -g$ .

(a) Prove that if  $\psi$  is a stream function for **F** then divergence(**F**) = 0.

(b) if R is connected and simply connected, then prove that if divergence  $(\mathbf{F}) = 0$ , then  $\mathbf{F}$  admits a stream function.

(c) Prove that the vector field **F** is tangent to the level curves of the stream functions, which we call *flow curves*.

- 3. Let  $\mathbf{F} = \langle -y, 0 \rangle$  be a vector field defined on  $\mathbb{R}^2$  and let C be the closed loop bounding the triangle with vertices (-1, 1), (3, 2), and (0, 4) oriented counterclockwise.
  - (a) Evaluate the circulation of the vector field  $\mathbf{F}$  along C.

(b) Use Green's theorem to give a double integral which computes this circulation.

(c) Are line integrals in the vector field **F** path independant in the domain  $\mathbb{R}^2$ ?

4. Find the circulation and flux of the vector field  $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = \langle z, x, -y \rangle$  on the tilted ellipse C parameterized by  $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle \cos t, \sin t, \cos t \rangle$  for  $0 \le t \le 2\pi$ . (*Hint:* Find the plane containing C to define the outernormal.)