

Sec 1.3

$$4) \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 2 & 1 & | & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 5 & 1 & | & 2 \\ 2 & 4 & 6 & 1 & 1 & & \\ -1 & -2 & -3 & 7 & 1 & 2 & \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 0 & | & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & | & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & & \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & & \end{bmatrix}$$

$r=2$ $n=4$ so 2 independent variables
 x_2, x_3

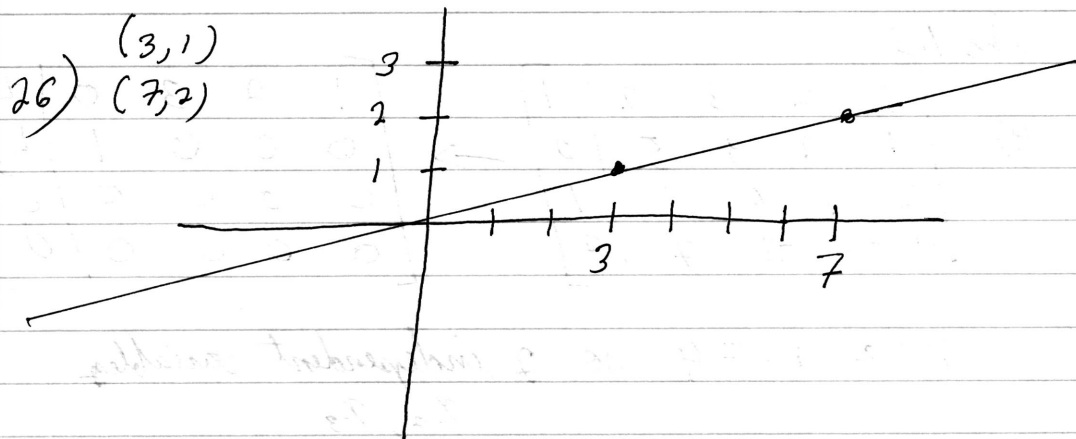
$$6) \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} & a_{14} & | & b_1 \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} & a_{24} & | & b_2 \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} & a_{34} & | & b_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$r=2$ one row is parallel to another, x_3, x_4 independent
 $r=3$ x_4 is a independent variable

10) A system of 4 equations in 3 unknowns
could be any of the possibilities

14) A system 3 equations in 4 unknowns that
has $x_1 = -1, x_2 = 0, x_3 = 2, x_4 = -3$ as
a solution

$m=3$ $n=4$ so $m < n$ by the
set of solutions and corollary in the
section, the has infinite many solutions



$$\begin{cases} x + 2y + f = 0 \\ 3x + y + f = 0 \\ 7x + 2y + f = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 7 & 2 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x = f \quad y = -4f$$

$$fx - 4fy + f = 0$$

$$\boxed{\frac{x+1}{4} = y}$$

$$28) (-4, 0), (-2, -2), (0, 3), (1, 1), (4, 0)$$

$$ax^2 + bxy + cy^2 + dx + ey + f = 0$$

$$16a + 0 + 0 + (-4)x + 0 + f = 0$$

$$4a + 4b + 4c + (-2)d + (-2)e + f = 0$$

$$0 + 0 + 9c + 0 + 3e + f = 0$$

$$a + b + c + d + e + f = 0$$

$$16a + 0 + 0 + 4d + 0 + f = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 16 & 0 & 0 & -4 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 4 & 4 & 4 & -2 & -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 9 & 0 & 3 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 16 & 0 & 0 & 4 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1/16 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 7/144 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -1/18 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1/2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{l} a = -\frac{1}{16}f \\ b = -\frac{7}{144}f \\ c = \frac{1}{18}f \\ d = 0 \\ e = -\frac{1}{2}f \end{array}$$

$$-\frac{1}{16}x^2 - \frac{7}{144}xy + \frac{1}{18}y^2 - \frac{1}{2}y + 1 = 0$$

Sec 1.5

$$8) (a) t + s = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(b) r + 3u = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + 3 \begin{bmatrix} -4 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -11 \\ 18 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(c) 2u + 3t = 2 \begin{bmatrix} -4 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} + 3 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ 24 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$14) a_1 r + a_2 s = u$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -4 \\ 0 & -3 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$a_2 = -2$$

$$a_1 + 2a_2 = -4$$

$$a_1 = -4 - 2(-2) = 0$$

$$-2s = u$$

$$22) w_1 = Cs \quad w_2 = Aw_1$$
$$\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 3 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -13 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} = w_1$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -13 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -27 \\ -16 \end{bmatrix} = w_2$$

~~$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -13 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} = w_1$$~~

~~$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -13 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -27 \\ -16 \end{bmatrix} = w_2$$~~

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 3 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 7 \\ 1 & 6 \end{bmatrix} = W_2$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -3 & 7 \\ 1 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -27 \\ -16 \end{bmatrix} = W_2$$

$$34) \quad u v = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 6 & 12 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$v u = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} = 14$$

$$42) \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{let } x_4 = \alpha \quad x_3 = \beta$$

$$x_2 = -2x_3 - 3x_4 = -2\beta - 3\alpha$$

$$x_1 = x_3 + 2x_4 = \beta + 2\alpha$$

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} \beta + 2\alpha \\ -2\beta - 3\alpha \\ \beta \\ \alpha \end{bmatrix} = \alpha \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + \beta \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

α, β any scalar

$$48) \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & -1 & -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{let } x_6 = \alpha, x_5 = \beta, x_3 = \gamma$$

$$x_4 = -\alpha - \beta$$

$$x_2 = -2\alpha - \beta - 2\gamma$$

$$x_1 = 2\alpha + \beta + \gamma$$

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} 2\alpha + \beta + \gamma \\ -2\alpha - \beta - 2\gamma \\ \gamma \\ -\alpha - \beta \\ \beta \\ \alpha \end{bmatrix} = \alpha \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -2 \\ 0 \\ -1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + \beta \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \gamma \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

α, β, γ any scalar

$$54) A(2 \times 3) \quad B(3 \times 4) \quad C(4 \times 4) \quad D(4 \times 2)$$

$$(AB)(CD) = (2 \times 4)(4 \times 2) = (2 \times 2)$$

$$A[B(CD)] = (2 \times 3)[(3 \times 4)(4 \times 2)] \\ = (2 \times 3)(3 \times 2) = (2 \times 2)$$

$$68) \left[\begin{array}{cccc|cc} 1 & 3 & -3 & 2 & -3 & 1 & -4 \\ 3 & 9 & -10 & 10 & -14 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 6 & -10 & 21 & -25 & 1 & 5 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{cccc|cc} 1 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 22 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 9 & 1 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 5 \end{array} \right]$$

let $x_5 = \alpha, x_2 = \beta$

$$x_4 = 5 - \alpha$$

$$x_3 = 6 - 9\alpha$$

$$x_1 = 4 - 22\alpha - 3\beta$$

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} 4 - 22\alpha - 3\beta \\ \beta \\ 6 - 9\alpha \\ 5 - \alpha \\ \alpha \end{bmatrix} = \alpha \begin{bmatrix} -22 \\ 0 \\ -9 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + \beta \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \\ 6 \\ 5 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$