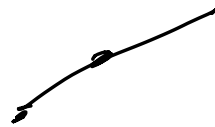
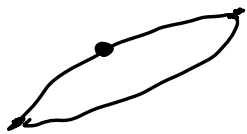


Thm. Geodesics are unique
in a CAT(0) - space

↳ That is, no digon
not allowed



Comparison
triangle

Thm If X is complete geodesic space
then $CAT(0) \Rightarrow$ Contractible

Pf Geodesic contraction
 $\gamma_x: [0, d] \rightarrow X$
 $\gamma_x(0) = x_0$
 $(x, t) \rightarrow \gamma_x(t)$

Show continuous □

Show distance function is

convex

$$\gamma_1, \gamma_2 : [c_i, d_i] \rightarrow X$$

$$d(\gamma_1(x), \gamma_2(x)) : [c_1, d_1] \times [c_2, d_2] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

is convex function

\Rightarrow continuity

Def X is NPC

~~if~~ if it is locally CAT(0)

Also Define CAT(K) for

any $K \in \mathbb{R}$

Use ^{comparison triangles in} either hyperbolic
plane or S^2 (radius \sqrt{K})

Main case $K > 0$, $K = +1$

perimeter of Triangle $\leq 2\pi$

Def X is CAT(c), comparison holds for all triangles of perimeter $\leq 2\pi$

Thm (Cartan-Hadamard)
 X is complete geodesic
locally CAT(K).

1) If $K \leq 0$, then $\pi_1(X) = 0$

$\Rightarrow X$ is CAT(K) (CAT(0))

2) If $K > 0$, then X has

X is ⁺ CAT(K)

\Leftrightarrow No short closed
geodesics (length $\frac{2\pi}{\sqrt{K}}$)

Cor X is NPC ~~and simply~~
Then \tilde{X} is CAT(0).

Cor If X is NPC, then
 X is spherical.

Link Condition: A cell c_x in X

is locally CAT(k)

$\Leftrightarrow \forall x \in X, Lk(x, X)$
is CAT(1)

$Lk(x, X)$ is spherical
cell c_x

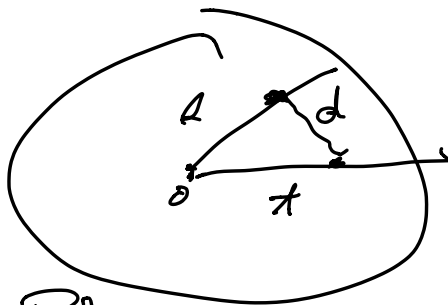
all cells = convex cells in S^n

X is locally isometric
to

\mathbb{R}^k
 $\text{Cone}_\varepsilon^k(Lk(x, X))$

L is piecewise spherical
Metric on curve

$\text{Cone}_0(L)$



Law of cosines in \mathbb{R}^2

$$d^2 = R^2 + r^2 - 2Rr \cos \theta$$

defines distance in $\text{Cone}^0(L)$

Similarly K -distance in
 $\text{Cone}^K(L)$.

Remark locally CAT(0) at x
 \Leftrightarrow ^{nbhd} isometric to $\text{Cone}_\varepsilon^0(L)$

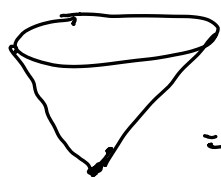
Thm (Link condition)

X is cell cx , ~~of~~ ^{cells} of constant
curvature K , then

X is CAT(K) \Leftrightarrow

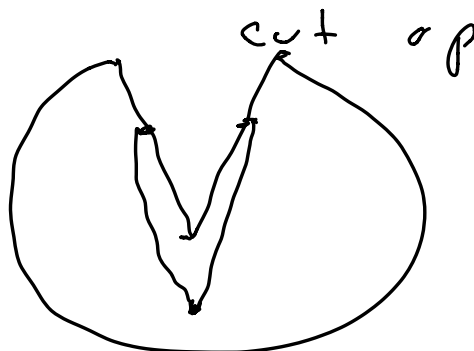
each ~~link~~ ^{$L_k(x, X)$} is CAT(1)
 $\forall x$.

(Eventually, using induction
on dim ~~the~~, check for
vertices x .)



$\leftarrow S^1 \wr < 2\pi \Rightarrow$
= cone

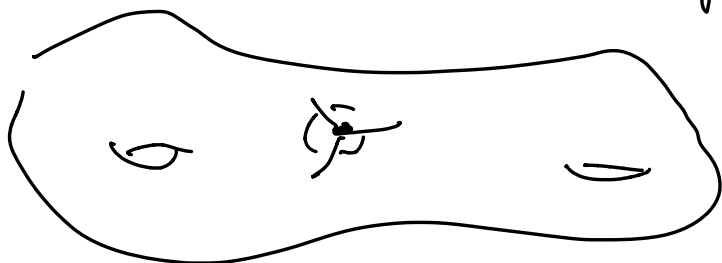
no
unique
geodesics



Pr of Link Condition
is more or less
above picture

Remarks

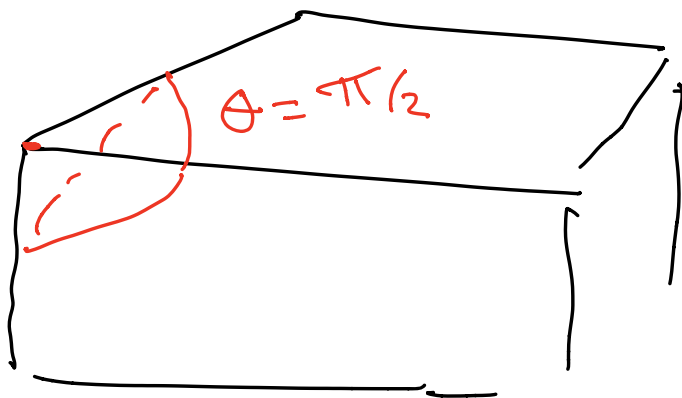
$X =$ surface
(made of
polygons)



X^2 is NPC \Leftrightarrow at

each cone pt
 the cone angle $\geq 2\pi$.

Links in cube C_X



Def A spherical simplex

is all right if

each length = $\pi/2$

(each dihedral angle = $\pi/2$)

Conclusion if X is $\begin{matrix} x \in X \\ x = \text{vert} \end{matrix}$

cube C_X then $Lk(x, X)$

is an all ^{right} \nearrow - complex

— — — —