## ALGEBRA 1. PROBLEM SET 3

For this problem set, p will denote a prime number. All groups considered here are finite, except Problem 1.

**Problem 1.** Let A, B, C be three abelian groups and let there be a short exact sequence

$$0 \longrightarrow A \longrightarrow B \longrightarrow C \longrightarrow 0$$

Prove that if this sequence splits, then it is trivial.

**Problem 2.** Let G be a group and H < G be a subgroup. Let P < H be a Sylow p-subgroup of H. Prove that there exists a Sylow p-subgroup of G, say Q, such that  $P = Q \cap H$ .

**Problem 3.** Let G be a group and  $N \triangleleft G$  be a normal subgroup. Consider  $\pi: G \rightarrow G/N$  the natural surjection.

- (1) Let P be a Sylow p–subgroup of G. Prove that  $P \cap N$  is a Sylow p–subgroup of N.
- (2) Prove that  $\pi(P)$  is a Sylow *p*-subgroup of G/N.

**Problem 4.** Let P < G be a Sylow *p*-subgroup of G, and let  $N = N_G(P)$  be the normalizer of P (that is,  $N = \{g \in G : gPg^{-1} = P\}$ ). Prove that for every L < G containing N,  $N_G(L) = L$ .

**Problem 5.** Let  $H \triangleleft G$  be a normal subgroup of a group G. Let us assume that |H| = p. Prove that H is contained in every Sylow p-subgroup of G.

**Problem 6.** Let  $K \triangleleft G$  be a normal subgroup of a group G, and let P be a Sylow p-subgroup of K. Prove that  $G = K \cdot N_G(P)$ .

**Problem 7.** Let  $G = GL_N(\mathbb{F}_p)$  where  $N \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 2}$ . What is the order of G? Describe a Sylow *p*-subgroup of G.

**Problem 8.** Assume G is a group of order 2p (assume  $p \neq 2$  for this problem). Prove that either G is cyclic or the dihedral group  $D_p$ .

**Problem 9.** Assume that G is a non-abelian group of order  $p^3$ .

- (1) Prove that  $Z(G) \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z}$ .
- (2) Prove that  $G/Z(G) \xrightarrow{\sim} (\mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z})^2$ .

(3) Prove that every subgroup of G, of order  $p^2$ , is normal and contains Z(G). **Problem 10.** Let q be another prime number and p < q. Assume that G is a group of order pq. (1) Prove that G is not simple.

(2) Further assume that  $q \not\equiv 1 \pmod{p}$ . Prove that G is cyclic.

**Problem 11.** Prove that there is no simple group of order  $p^2q$ , where p,q are prime numbers (not necessarily distinct).

**Problem 12.** Let  $a \in \{1, ..., p-1\}$  and  $e \ge 1$ . Prove that there is no simple group of order  $p^e a$ .

**Problem 13.** Let G be a non–abelian group of order 6. Prove that G is isomorphic to  $S_3$ .

**Problem 14.** How many (up to isomorphism) groups of order 18 are there?

**Problem 15.** For each of the following numbers, prove that there is no simple group of that order: (a) 12; (b) 40; (c) 216; (d) 224.

**Problem 16.** Describle a Sylow 2–subgroup of the dihedral group  $D_{10}$  of order 20.

**Problem 17.** Let G be a simple group of order 60 (assume it exists!). How many Sylow q-subgroups are there in G, for q = 2, 3 and 5?