

COURSE ANNOUNCEMENT

Mathematics 5756 (Autumn 2018)

Mathematics 5757 (Spring 2019)

Course Name: Modern Mathematical Methods in Relativity Theory I, II (a.k.a. “Applied Differential Geometry”)

Class Number: 33937 (grad); 33938 (ugrad)

Time and Place: Autumn 2018: MWF 12:40pm; Classroom Bldg: Bolz Hall 317

Credits: 3 per semester

Prerequisites: Multivariable differential calculus and linear algebra (e.g. Math 2568 and/or 5101). By the 4th week one should have reviewed the concept of “*the differential of a function*” so as to have grasped the relation to the “*directional derivative of that function*”.

A physics course (e.g. Physics 133/1250 or higher).

No prior knowledge of tensor calculus is assumed. However, we do assume a mature attitude towards mathematics and physics.

Audience: Mature undergraduate and graduate

- Textbooks:
- (a) *Gravitation* by C. W. Misner, K. S. Thorne, and J. A. Wheeler.
 - (b) Selections from *Spacetime Physics*, 2nd edition, by E. Taylor and J.A. Wheeler
 - (c) Selections from *Mathematical Methods of Classical Mechanics* by V. I. Arnold.
 - (d) Selections from *Lecture Notes on Elementary Topology and Geometry* by I. M. Singer.

Benefits, Goal and Purpose: Develop *from the bottom up* the fundamental mathematical concepts and methods responsible for the successes in 20th century physics, mathematics, and theoretical engineering. Thus Math 5756 concretizes these developments in terms of

- (a) Special Relativity as the cognitive bridge to 20th century geometry,
- (b) multilinear algebra as a source of geometrical structures,
- (c) linear algebra’s marriage to multi-variable calculus
- (d) differential geometry as a three level hierarchy characterized by its
 - Differential structure
 - Parallel transport structure (a.k.a. covariant derivative)
 - Metric structure
- (e) the exterior calculus
- (f) Cartan’s two structural equations for the various flavors of differential geometry, and their application to

(g) the Cartan-Misner calculus.

- Agenda:
- a) Assimilate the mathematical chapters of our primary text (“*Gravitation*” by MTW, see references above), thus to develop an appreciation and the modern machinery for the mathematical framework of the laws of physics from the spacetime perspective. The development will focus on
 - (1) the underlying differential geometric framework of spacetime, and
 - (2) the formulation (arising from classical mechanics, fluid dynamics, and wave mechanics) of its properties.
 - b) Show why and how mathematics is the language of physical science, in particular of those aspects of physics dealing with processes of extreme violence (relativistic hydrodynamics, relativistic laser-matter interaction, high energy density physics, gravitational collapse in flat or curved spacetimes).

Website: <https://people.math.osu.edu/gerlach.1/math5756>

DESCRIPTION

- Math 5756 (Autumn):
- A rapid course in special relativity: spacetime geometry, event horizons and accelerated frames;
 - tensors, metric geometry vs symplectic geometry;
 - exterior calculus, Maxwell field equations;
 - manifolds, Lie derivatives, and Hamiltonian dynamics in phase space;
 - parallel transport, torsion, tensor calculus;
 - curvature and Jacobi’s equation of geodesic deviation;
 - Cartan’s two structural equations, metric induced properties, and Cartan-Misner curvature calculus.
- Math 5757 (Spring):
- Geodesics: Hamilton-Jacobi theory, the principle of constructive interference;
 - stress-energy tensor: hydrodynamics in curved spacetime;
 - Einstein field equations: moment of rotation = momentum-energy;
 - The conservation laws and the Bianchi identities mathematized in terms of the “Boundary of a Boundary is zero ($\partial\partial\Omega = 0$)” Principle.
 - Solutions to the Einstein’s field equations: stars, black holes, gravitational collapse, geometry and dynamics of the universe;
 - vector harmonics, tensor harmonics, acoustic and gravitational waves in violent relativistic backgrounds.

I am glad to answer any questions.

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