

**1** Write each of the following permutations as a product of disjoint cycles in  $S_6$ .

(a)  $(1\ 2)(2\ 3)(3\ 4)(4\ 5)(5\ 6)$

(b)  $(3\ 4\ 5)^{-1}$

(c)  $(3\ 4\ 5)(2\ 5\ 6\ 4)(3\ 5\ 4)$

(d)  $(2\ 3)(5\ 6)((1\ 6\ 5\ 3)(2\ 4))(2\ 3)(5\ 6)$

2 Recall that a **transposition** is a 2-cycle in  $S_n$ .

(a) Let  $\sigma = (a_1, a_2, a_3, \dots, a_k)$  be a  $k$ -cycle. Prove that  $\sigma$  can be written as a product of transpositions. [HINT: Look at problem 1(a).]

(b) Prove that any transposition  $(i, j)$  can be written as a product of some of the transpositions

$$(1\ 2), (2\ 3), (3\ 4), \dots, (n-1, n).$$

(c) Use parts (a) and (b) to conclude that the transpositions

$$(1\ 2), (2\ 3), (3\ 4), \dots, (n-1, n)$$

generate  $S_n$ .