1 Let $G$ be a finite group acting on a finite set $X$.
(a) Suppose $|G|=3^{4}=81$. Prove that if 3 does not divide $|X|$, then there is some $x \in X$ such that $G_{x}=G$.
(b) More generally, suppose $|G|=p^{k}$, where $p$ is a prime number and $k$ is a positive integer. Prove that if $p$ does not divide $|X|$, then there is some $x \in X$ such that $G_{x}=G$.

2 Let $G$ be a finite group acting transitively on a set $X$.
(a) Show that $|X|$ divides $|G|$. In particular, $X$ is a finite set.
(b) Use Burnside's Lemma to prove that there is at least one group element with no fixed points; that is, there is an element $g \in G$ such that $X^{g}$ is the empty set.

3 The four edges of a square are to be painted. We have 6 colors of paint available. Only one color is used on each edge, and the same color may be used on multiple edges.
(a) Let $X$ be the set of all ways to paint the four edges. Compute $|X|$.
(b) Let $D_{4}$ act on $X$ in the natural way. For each element $g \in D_{4}$, compute the number $\left|X^{g}\right|$ of colorings fixed by $g$.
(c) Use Burnside's Lemma to compute the number of distinguishable ways the square can be painted.

