

Recall: The i th Whitney number of the first kind for a loopless matroid M is

$$w_i(M) = w_i = \text{coefficient of } q^{\text{rk}(M)-i} \text{ in } \chi_M$$

$$= \sum_{\substack{F \in \mathcal{L}(M) \\ \text{rk}(F)=i}} \mu(\emptyset, F).$$

$$\hookrightarrow F \in \mathcal{L}(M)_i$$

Today: Compute these numbers faster.

Thm (Weisner): Let M be a loopless matroid on E .

If F is a non-empty flat of M , then

$$\sum_{\substack{G \in \mathcal{L}(M) \\ F \vee G = E}} \mu(\emptyset, G) = 0.$$

Recall:

$$F \vee G = \text{cl}(F \cup G)$$

Proof:
$$\sum_{\substack{G \in \mathcal{L}(M) \\ F \vee G = E}} \mu(\emptyset, G) = \sum_{G \in \mathcal{L}(M)} \mu(\emptyset, G) \cdot \delta_{F \vee G, E}$$

$$= \sum_{G \in \mathcal{L}(M)} \mu(\emptyset, G) \cdot \sum_{\substack{H \\ F \vee G \subseteq H \subseteq E}} \mu(H, E)$$

$$FV_G \subseteq H \iff F \subseteq H \text{ and } G \subseteq H$$

$$= \sum_{\substack{H \in \mathcal{L}(M) \\ H \supseteq F}} \mu(H, E) \sum_{\substack{G \\ \emptyset \subseteq G \subseteq H}} \mu(\emptyset, G)$$

$$= \sum_{\substack{H \\ H \supseteq F}} \mu(H, E) \delta_{\emptyset, H}$$

$$= 0$$

Since $H \supseteq F \not\supseteq \emptyset$ in each term. ■

Cor: Let M be a loopless matroid on E , and fix a rank 1 flat A . Then

$$\mu(\emptyset, E) = - \sum_{\substack{H \in \mathcal{L}(M) \\ \text{s.t. } A \not\subseteq H}} \mu(\emptyset, H).$$

More generally, if F is a nonempty flat, and A is a fixed rank 1 flat with $A \subseteq F$, then

$$\mu(\emptyset, F) = - \sum_{\substack{H \subseteq F \\ \text{s.t. } A \not\subseteq H}} \mu(\emptyset, H).$$

Recall: $H \subseteq F$ means F covers H .

Proof: The second statement follows by applying the first to MIF.

Let G be any flat such that $A \vee G = E$.

If $A \subseteq G$, then $A \vee G = G$, so $G = E$.

Otherwise, $A \not\subseteq G$, so $A \cap G$ is properly contained in A . So $A \cap G = \emptyset$.

By submodularity,

$$\text{rk}(A \vee G) + \text{rk}(A \cap G) \leq \text{rk}(A) + \text{rk}(G)$$

$\quad \quad \quad = E \quad \quad \quad = \emptyset$

$$\Rightarrow \text{rk}(M) + 0 \leq 1 + \text{rk}(G)$$

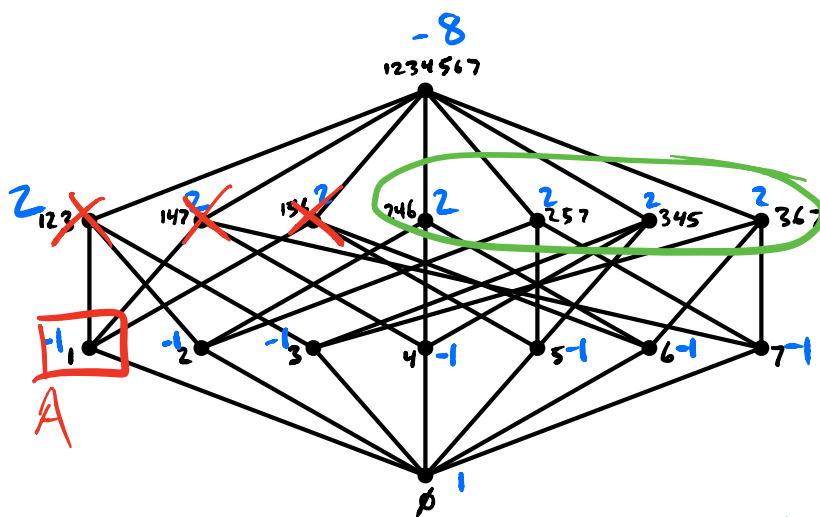
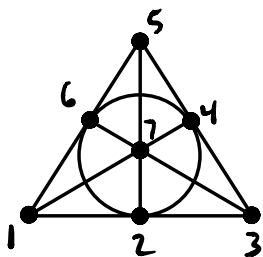
$$\Rightarrow \text{rk}(G) \geq \text{rk}(M) - 1.$$

Since $G \neq E$, we have equality and G is a hyperplane.

By Weisner,

$$0 = \sum_{\substack{G \\ A \vee G = E}} \mu(\emptyset, G) = \mu(\emptyset, E) + \sum_{\substack{H \in \mathcal{L}(M) \\ A \not\subseteq H}} \mu(\emptyset, H).$$

Ex: $M = F_7$



$$\mu(\emptyset, F) = - \sum_{\substack{H \subseteq F \\ \text{s.t. } A \not\subseteq H}} \mu(\emptyset, H)$$

$A \subseteq F$

$\mu(\emptyset, F)$

Note on hypotheses:

- Weisner's theorem holds for any finite lattice
- The corollary holds for any finite submodular lattice.