## Homework 16 Math 3345 – Autumn 2022 – Kutler

Please complete the following problems on your own paper. Solutions should be written clearly, legibly, and with appropriate style.

- 1. [Falkner Section 4 Exercise 25] Let  $m \in \mathbb{N}$ . Show that
  - (a) For all  $a \in \mathbb{Z}$ , we have  $a \equiv a \mod m$ . [Reflexivity]
  - (b) For all  $a, b \in \mathbb{Z}$ , if  $a \equiv b \mod m$ , then  $b \equiv a \mod m$ . [Symmetry]
  - (c) For all  $a, b, c \in \mathbb{Z}$ , if  $a \equiv b \mod m$  and  $b \equiv c \mod m$ , then  $a \equiv c \mod m$ . [Transitivity]
- 2. [Falkner Section 4 Exercise 26 modified] Let  $m \in \mathbb{N}$  and  $a, b, c, d \in \mathbb{Z}$ . Suppose that  $a \equiv b \mod m$  and  $c \equiv d \mod m$ .
  - (a) Prove that  $a + c \equiv b + d \mod m$ .
  - (b) Prove that  $a c \equiv b d \mod m$ .
  - (c) Prove that  $ac \equiv bd \mod m$ . [HINT: Since  $a \equiv b \mod m$ , m divides b a, so b a = mk for some integer k. Rewrite this as b = a + mk. Similarly,  $d = c + m\ell$  for some integer  $\ell$ .]
- 3. Without using a calculator, find the natural number k such that  $0 \le k \le 14$  and k satisfies the given congruence.
  - (a)  $2^{75} \equiv k \pmod{15}$
  - (b)  $6^{41} \equiv k \pmod{15}$
  - (c)  $140^{874} \equiv k \pmod{15}$

## **Practice Problems**

It is strongly recommended that you complete the following problems. There is no need to write up polished, final versions of your solutions (although you may find this a useful exercise). Please do not submit any work for these problems.

1. Recall that any positive integer  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  has a unique **base-10 expression**:

$$n = \sum_{i=0}^{k} a_i \, 10^i,$$

where  $k \ge 0$  and  $0 \le a_i < 0$  for all *i*. The integers  $a_i$  are the **digits** of *n*. For example,

$$4592 = 2 \cdot 10^0 + 9 \cdot 10^1 + 5 \cdot 10^2 + 4 \cdot 10^4.$$

Prove the following:

- (a) 2|n if and only if 2 divides the "ones digit"  $a_0$ .
- (b) 3|n if and only if 3 divides the sum of the digits  $\sum_{i=0}^{k} a_i$ .
- (c) 5|n if and only if the ones digit  $a_0$  is equal to 0 or 5.
- 2. Formulate and prove divisibility criteria similar to those in the previous problem for the conditions
  - (a) 4|n.
  - (b) 9|*n*.
  - (c) 11|n.