HOMEWORK 4 MATH 3345 – Spring 2023 – Kutler

Exercises

Please complete the following problems on your own paper. Solutions should be written clearly, legibly, and with appropriate style.

- 1. [Falkner Section 2 Exercise 14] Show by means of an explanation in words that the sentence $(P \land Q) \Rightarrow (P \lor Q)$ is a tautology. (As usual, you should use the method of conditional proof.)
- 2. [Falkner Section 2 Exercise 15] Use the method of conditional proof to explain in words why the sentence

$$\{(P \lor Q) \land [(P \Rightarrow R) \land (Q \Rightarrow S)]\} \Rightarrow (R \lor S)$$

is a tautology. You do NOT need to use the book's method of "discharging assumptions."

Practice Problems

It is strongly recommended that you complete the following problems. There is no need to write up polished, final versions of your solutions (although you may find this a useful exercise). Please do not submit any work for these problems.

1. [Compare with Practice Problem 1 from Homework 3.] Write a conditional proof to show that the sentence

$$\big[(P \vee Q) \wedge \neg Q\big] \, \Rightarrow \, P$$

is a tautology (that is, it is true for all possible truth values of P and Q).

2. [Falkner Section 2 Exercise 13] Show by means of an explanation in words that the sentence $P \Rightarrow (P \lor Q)$ is a tautology.