Let A and B be groups, and consider the direct product G = A × B.
(a) Prove that
 N = {(e_A, b) ∈ A × B | b ∈ B}
 is a subgroup of G, where e_A is the identity element of A.

(b) Prove that N ≅ B.
(c) Prove that N ≤ G.

(d) Prove that $G/N \cong A$.

- **2** Let *G* be a finite group, and let $N \leq G$ be a normal subgroup. Let $g \in G$.
 - (a) Explain why the element gN in the group G/N has finite order.
 - (b) Prove that the order of gN in G/N divides the order of g in G.