

- 10% **1.** If two subgroups  $H, K \leq G$  have coprime orders (i.e.  $\gcd(|H|, |K|) = 1$ ) prove that  $|HK| = |H| \cdot |K|$ .
- 20% **2.** Let  $H \leq G$ ,  $|G : H| = n$ , and assume that  $H$  contains no nontrivial (i.e.  $\neq 1$ ) subgroups that are normal in  $G$ . Prove that  $G$  is isomorphic to a subgroup of  $S_n$ . (*Hint:* Consider the action of  $G$  on the set  $G/H$  of left cosets of  $H$ .)
- 20% **3.** Let  $H$  be a subgroup of finite index in a group  $G$ . Prove that the number of subgroups conjugate to  $H$  divides  $|G : H|$ . (*Hint:* Consider the action of  $G$  on the set of conjugates of  $H$ .)
- 15% **4.** Determine whether the groups  $\mathbb{Z}_{36} \times \mathbb{Z}_{12} \times \mathbb{Z}_{10}$  and  $\mathbb{Z}_{60} \times \mathbb{Z}_{18} \times \mathbb{Z}_4$  are isomorphic.
- 15% **5.** Let  $G = \langle a, b, c \mid a^5 = b^5 = c^4 = 1, ab = ba, ca = bc, cb = a^4c \rangle$ .
- 15% (a) Represent  $G$  as a semidirect product of abelian groups and find the factors of a (any) composition series of  $G$ .
- 10% (b) Represent  $G$  as a quotient group  $F/N$  of a free group  $F$ .
- 20% **6.** If  $P$  is a Sylow  $p$ -subgroup of a finite group  $G$  and  $N_G(P)$  is normal in  $G$ , prove that  $G$  has a unique Sylow  $p$ -subgroup. (*Hint:* Notice that  $P$  is a Sylow subgroup of  $N_G(P)$ .)
- 20% **7.** Find all, up to isomorphism, groups of order  $155 = 31 \cdot 5$ .
- 20% **8.** Prove that all groups of order  $1452 = 2^2 \cdot 3 \cdot 11^2$  are solvable. (*Hint:* Pay attention to  $n_{11}$ , the number of Sylow 11-subgroups.)