

# AN UPGRADE<sup>†</sup> FOR “GEOMETRIC CATEGORIES AND O-MINIMAL STRUCTURES”

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This document contains comments, corrections, improvements and updates to the above-mentioned paper [Duke Math. J. **84** (1996), 497–540], co-authored with Lou van den Dries. We thank all who have alerted us to errors, and shall continue to post updates as appropriate.

## CLARIFICATION

We stress that the paper is an exposition of the basic *mathematics* of o-minimal structures on the real field, specialized for geometers; we did not provide any *history* of the subject. It is well known to model-theorists—but less so to geometers—that seminal work in abstract model-theoretic o-minimality by Pillay and Steinhorn [PS] and Knight, *et al.* [KPS] was crucial in getting o-minimality off the ground. For historical context and original sources, the reader might begin by consulting [4] (especially the notes at the end of chapters) or the expository paper [D].

## ERRORS

**Page 516.** In B.3.(1) and (2), interchange “ $\mathfrak{S}_n$ ” and “ $\mathfrak{S}_m$ ”.

**Page 520.** The first displayed formula in the proof of B.11 should be:

$$(a, b) \in TA(\lambda) \\ \Leftrightarrow \\ a \in A(\lambda) \ \& \ \exists \epsilon > 0 \ [ (\epsilon, a, \pi_\lambda(a)) \in U_\lambda \ \& \ b \in (D((f_\lambda)_{(\epsilon, a)})(\pi_\lambda(a))).\mathbb{R}^k ]$$

**Page 524.** Replace the first sentence of the paragraph preceding C.11 by: “The next result was established by E. Bierstone, P. Milman and W. Pawłucki for the subanalytic category [private correspondence, 1995].”

**Page 525.** The third paragraph of the proof of C.11 should begin as follows: “Now suppose that  $d < n$ . Replacing  $A$  with  $\text{cl}(\tau_n(A))$  ( $\tau_n$  as in §3), we reduce to the case that  $A$  is compact.”

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<sup>†</sup>This material is not intended for publication; please do not refer to this document as a preprint.

<sup>‡</sup>Speaking also for van den Dries, but Miller is responsible for any errors in this document.

**Whitney stratification.** There is a gap in the proof of  $C^p$  Whitney stratification (1.19); the last sentence of the alleged proof is, in general, false. Now, it is not all that difficult to fix the proof of part (1), that is,  $C^p$  Whitney stratification of *sets*, but we ran into some difficulty in attempting to do the same with part (2) (stratification of *maps*); we have been informed that there should be an alternate way of constructing a correct proof based on the notion of “canonical stratification”—see e.g. [L]—but we have not yet verified for ourselves that this works.

## IMPROVEMENTS

The proof of the  $C^p$  zerset theorem (C.11) can be streamlined somewhat. After reducing to the case that  $A$  is equal to the closure of the graph of a bounded  $C^p$  map  $\psi : U \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^e$ , belonging to  $\mathfrak{S}$ , with  $e = n - d$  and  $\emptyset \neq U \subseteq \mathbb{R}^d$  open in  $\mathbb{R}^d$ , proceed as follows.

Inductively, there exists  $g \in C_{\mathfrak{S}}^p(\mathbb{R}^d)$  with  $Z(g) = \text{bd}(U)$ . For  $(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^d \times \mathbb{R}^e$  put

$$G(x, y) := \begin{cases} \|y - \psi(x)\|g(x), & x \in U \\ g(x), & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Note that  $G$  belongs to  $\mathfrak{S}$ , and is continuous and  $C^p$  off  $Z(G) = (\text{bd}(U) \times \mathbb{R}^e) \cup A$ . Applying C.10, there exists  $F_1 \in C_{\mathfrak{S}}^p(\mathbb{R}^n)$  with  $Z(F_1) = (\text{bd}(U) \times \mathbb{R}^e) \cup A$ . As before, it now suffices to find  $F_2 \in C_{\mathfrak{S}}^p(\mathbb{R}^n)$  such that  $\Gamma(\psi) \subseteq Z(F_2)$  and  $F_2(x, y) \neq 0$  for all  $(x, y) \in (\text{bd}(U) \times \mathbb{R}^e) \setminus A$ .

Now,  $A \setminus \Gamma(\psi) = \text{fr}(\Gamma(\psi))$  is closed, so by the inductive assumptions and 4.7, there exists  $h \in C_{\mathfrak{S}}^p(\mathbb{R}^n)$  with  $Z(h) = A \setminus \Gamma(\psi) = (\text{bd}(U) \times \mathbb{R}^e) \setminus A$ . Define  $H : \mathbb{R}^d \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  by

$$H(x) := \begin{cases} h(x, \psi(x)), & x \in U \\ 0, & x \in \mathbb{R}^d \setminus U. \end{cases}$$

By C.10, there exists  $\phi \in \Phi_{\mathfrak{S}}^p$  such that  $\phi \circ H \in C_{\mathfrak{S}}^p(\mathbb{R}^d)$ . Put

$$F_2(x, y) := \phi(h(x, y)) - \phi(H(x))$$

for  $(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^d \times \mathbb{R}^e$ .  $\square$

## UPDATES

**Newer o-minimal structures.** See [DS1], [DS2], [KRS], [LR], [RSS], [RSW], [S].

**Failure of analytic and  $C^\infty$  cell decomposition.**

By [RSW], there exist nowhere-analytic functions  $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  such that  $(\mathbb{R}_{\text{an}}, f)$  is o-minimal and has  $C^\infty$  cell decomposition (cf. the Remark following 1.8).

By [LR], there exist functions  $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  such that  $(\mathbb{R}, +, \cdot, f)$  is o-minimal and  $C^\infty$  cell decomposition fails (cf. Remark following 4.1).

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