# Math 2568 Homework 7 Math 2568 Due: Monday, October 14, 2019

#### Problem 1

§5.4, Exercise 7. Show that the functions  $f_1(t) = \sin t$ ,  $f_2(t) = \cos t$ , and  $f_3(t) = \cos \left(t + \frac{\pi}{3}\right)$  are linearly dependent vectors in  $\mathcal{C}^1$ .

## Problem 2 (MATLAB)

Determine whether the given sets of vectors are linearly independent or linearly dependent.

§5.4, Exercise 9.(MATLAB)

$$v_1 = (2, 1, 3, 4)$$
  $v_2 = (-4, 2, 3, 1)$   $v_3 = (2, 9, 21, 22)$  (1\*)

#### Problem 3 (MATLAB)

§5.4, Exercise 12.(MATLAB) Perform the following experiments.

- (a) Use MATLAB to choose randomly three column vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$ . The MATLAB commands to choose these vectors are:
  - y1 = rand(3,1)
    y2 = rand(3,1)
    y3 = rand(3,1)

Use the methods of this section to determine whether these vectors are linearly independent or linearly dependent.

- (b) Now perform this exercise five times and record the number of times a linearly independent set of vectors is chosen and the number of times a linearly dependent set is chosen.
- (c) Repeat the experiment in (b) but this time randomly choose four vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  to be in your set.

#### Problem 4

§5.5, Exercise 1. Show that  $\mathcal{U} = \{u_1, u_2, u_3\}$  where

 $u_1 = (1, 1, 0)$   $u_2 = (0, 1, 0)$   $u_3 = (-1, 0, 1)$ 

is a basis for  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .

#### Problem 5

§5.5, Exercise 2. Let  $S = \text{span}\{v_1, v_2, v_3\}$  where

 $v_1 = (1, 0, -1, 0)$   $v_2 = (0, 1, 1, 1)$   $v_3 = (5, 4, -1, 4).$ 

Find the dimension of S and find a basis for S.

#### Problem 6

**§5.5, Exercise 4.** Show that the set V of all  $2 \times 2$  matrices is a vector space. Show that the dimension of V is four by finding a basis of V with four elements. Show that the space M(m, n) of all  $m \times n$  matrices is also a vector space. What is dim M(m, n)?

## Problem 7

§5.5, Exercise 5. Show that the set  $\mathcal{P}_n$  of all polynomials of degree less than or equal to n is a subspace of  $\mathcal{C}^1$ . What is dim  $\mathcal{P}_2$ ? What is dim  $\mathcal{P}_n$ ?

#### Problem 8

§5.6, Exercise 5. Let A be a  $7 \times 5$  matrix with rank(A) = r.

- (a) What is the largest value that r can have?
- (b) Give a condition equivalent to the system of equations Ax = b having a solution.

- (c) What is the dimension of the null space of A?
- (d) If there is a solution to Ax = b, then how many parameters are needed to describe the set of all solutions?

## Problem 9

§5.6, Exercise 6. Let

$$A = \left(\begin{array}{rrrr} 1 & 3 & -1 & 4 \\ 2 & 1 & 5 & 7 \\ 3 & 4 & 4 & 11 \end{array}\right).$$

- (a) Find a basis for the subspace  $\mathcal{C} \subset \mathbb{R}^3$  spanned by the columns of A.
- (b) Find a basis for the subspace  $\mathcal{R} \subset \mathbb{R}^4$  spanned by the rows of A.
- (c) What is the relationship between  $\dim \mathcal{C}$  and  $\dim \mathcal{R}$ ?

#### Problem 10

**§5.6, Exercise 14.** Let  $\{v_1, v_2, v_3\}$  and  $\{w_1, w_2\}$  be linearly independent sets of vectors in a vector space V. Show that if

$$\operatorname{span}\{v_1, v_2, v_3\} \cap \operatorname{span}\{w_1, w_2\} = \{0\}$$

then

$$\dim(\operatorname{span}\{v_1, v_2, v_3, w_1, w_2\}) = 5$$

**Hint**: First show that if  $v \in \text{span}\{v_1, v_2, v_3\}$ ,  $w \in \text{span}\{w_1, w_2\}$ , and v + w = 0, then v = w = 0.

## Problem 11

In Exercises 15-20 decide whether the statement is true or false, and explain your answer.

§5.6, Exercise 15. Every set of three vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  is a basis for  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .

## Problem 12

In Exercises 15-20 decide whether the statement is true or false, and explain your answer.

**§5.6, Exercise 20.** If U is a subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^3$  of dimension 1 and V is a subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^3$  of dimension 2, then  $U \cap V = \{0\}$ .