

Math 2167: Homework 5
Due: Friday, October 11th

1) You find that you are dealing with a disease with

$$\begin{aligned}\text{infect}'(x) &= 0.000004 \cdot \text{suscept}(x) \cdot \text{infect}(x) - 0.047 \cdot \text{infect}(x), \\ \text{suscept}'(x) &= -0.000004 \cdot \text{suscept}(x) \cdot \text{infect}(x).\end{aligned}$$

Where $\text{infect}(x)$ is the number of infected people on day x , and $\text{suscept}(x)$ is the number of susceptible people on day x .

- (a) Explain why the two formulas above are reasonable, though you don't need to worry about the precise values of the coefficients.
- (b) Discuss the outlook on day 13 if you know $\text{suscept}(13) = 5028$ and $\text{infect}(13) = 4012$. In particular, you should talk about both $\text{infect}'(x)$ and $\text{suscept}'(x)$.
- (c) Compute $\text{infect}''(x)$ on day 13. What does this say about the outlook?

2) One day you teach your middle school students about the area and circumference of a circle and you write the following formulas on the board:

$$A = \pi r^2 \quad \text{and} \quad C = 2\pi r.$$

The next day you add the formulas for the volume and surface-area of a sphere:

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3 \quad \text{and} \quad S = 4\pi r^2.$$

"That's odd," you think, it looks like

$$\frac{dA}{dr} = C \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{dV}{dr} = S.$$

You are right.

- (a) Explain, drawing pictures as necessary, why you are right. Big hint: Think about how $f'(x)h \approx f(x+h) - f(x)$ when h is near zero.
- (b) After solving the problem above, you think about the volume and surface area of a cube:

$$V = a^3 \quad \text{and} \quad S = 6a^2.$$

This bothers you—following the pattern from your work on circles and spheres, shouldn't $S = \frac{dV}{da}$? Explain why or why not and reconcile this discrepancy.